10/148613

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 25 APR 2004 HIGHEST RN 676591-92-7 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 25 APR 2004 HIGHEST RN 676591-92-7

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting ${\tt SmartSELECT}$ searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\086157.str

L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 18 L8 HAS NO ANSWERS L8 STR

=>

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 18 sss full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:27:41 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 64 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 64 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

33 ANSWERS

L9 33 SEA SSS FUL L8

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 155.84 376.59

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Apr 2004 VOL 140 ISS 18 FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Apr 2004 (20040426/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 19

L10 776 L9

=> s 19 and crystalline

776 L9

64329 CRYSTALLINE

190 CRYSTALLINES

64503 CRYSTALLINE

(CRYSTALLINE OR CRYSTALLINES)

313746 CRYST

1798 CRYSTS

315013 CRYST

(CRYST OR CRYSTS)

334154 CRYSTALLINE

(CRYSTALLINE OR CRYST)

L11 2 L9 AND CRYSTALLINE

 \Rightarrow s 19 and solid

776 L9

909769 SOLID

265055 SOLIDS

1105814 SOLID

(SOLID OR SOLIDS)

L12 16 L9 AND SOLID

=> s 19 and solvate

776 T₁9 8012 SOLVATE 4019 SOLVATES 10960 SOLVATE

(SOLVATE OR SOLVATES)

L13

4 L9 AND SOLVATE

=> d lll 1-2 ibib abs hitstr

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:616102 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:256936

TITLE:

Moisture-Dependent Crystallization of Amorphous

Lamotrigine Mesylate

AUTHOR(S):

Schmitt, E.; Davis, C. W.; Long, S. T.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Glaxo Wellcome Inc., Research Triangle Park, NC,

27709, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (1996), 85(11),

1215-1219

CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

A com. available computer-controlled vacuum moisture balance was used for determining moisture sorption isotherms of freeze-dried and spray-dried lamotrigine mesylate and freeze-dried drug product containing mannitol. presence or absence of desorption hysteresis and the characteristics of the weight-vs.-time profile as a sample was exposed to a defined relative humidity ramp were sensitive indicators of moisture-induced crystallization Combination of the moisture sorption data with polarized light microscopy, DSC, and x-ray powder diffraction provided qual. verification of the crystallization with <50 mg of sample. The normalized water loss during crystallization

was used to detect as little as 2% amorphous content in phys. mixts. of amorphous and cryst. lamotrigine mesylate. Moisture sorption, water plasticization, and crystallization properties of amorphous forms prepared by

spray drying and freeze drying were nearly identical. Cofreeze-drying lamotrigine mesylate with D-mannitol resulted in a mixture of amorphous lamotrigine mesylate with properties similar to those of spray-dried or freeze-dried materials and cryst. D-mannitol. The amount of water needed for crystallization over a time scale observable in the moisture balance was considerably more than the amount needed to lower the glass transition temperature of the sample to the operating temperature of the instrument. This result

illustrated the importance of time scale effects in determining critical moisture

levels for crystallization from the amorphous state.

IT 181362-54-9

> RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(moisture-dependent crystallization of amorphous lamotrigine mesylate)

RN 181362-54-9 CAPLUS

1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-, methanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 C12 N5

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

$$HO-S-CH_3$$

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:464546 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:96152

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical granules comprising lamotrigine

Hiskett, Simon Philip; Taylor, Susan Ann

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Wellcome Foundation Ltd., UK

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	CENT	NO.				DATE												
WO						1996	0613				 95-G		5	19951207				
														DE,			ES,	
		FI,	GB,	GE,	HU,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	
		LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NΖ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	
		SI,	SK															
	RW:	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	
		IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,	
		NE,	SN,	TD,	TG													
														1995				
AU	9641	211		A1		1996	0626		A	J 19:	96-4	1211		1995	1207			
	6964			_	_													
									E	P 199	95-93	3935	2	1995	1207			
EΡ	7974																	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		-	SI,															
										199	95-1	9747	3	1995	1207			
	7736										97-2.			1995	1207			
	9509													1995	1207			
JP	1051	0255				19981006			JI	9 199	95-5.	1742)	1995	1207			

JP 2977	284 B	2 19991115				
RU 2160	106 C	2 20001210	RU	1997-11187	70	19951207
AT 2136	533 E	20020315	AT	1995-93935	52	19951207
ES 2172	600 T	3 20021001	ES	1995-93935	52	19951207
FI 9702	434 A	19970609	FI	1997-2434		19970606
NO 9702	623 A	19970806	NO	1997-2623		19970606
US 5861	.179 A	19990119	US	1997-84907	0	19970626
PRIORITY APP	LN. INFO.:		GB 199	94-24766	Α	19941207
			WO 199	95-GB2865	W	19951207

AB A pharmaceutical formulation comprises: (a) from 0.5 to 50% by weight of lamotrigine or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, (b) from 15 to 50% by weight of lactose, (c) from 15 to 50% by weight of starch, (d)

from 0.5 to 15% by weight of **cryst**. cellulose, and (e) from 5 to 15% by weight of polyvinylpyrrolidone, and which is in the form of a free-flowing powder of granules having the following properties: (1) no granules have a particle size of greater than 850 µm, (2) at least 90% by weight of the granules have a particle size of from 75 to 850 µm, (3) the granules disintegrate within 30 min according to the Disintegration Test of The Pharmacopoeia of Japan, twelfth edition, 1991, and (i.v.) of at least 90% by weight of the lamotrigine or lamotrigine salt in the granules dissolves within 30 min when the granules are subjected to the dissoln. test, method 2 (paddle method) of the Pharmacopoeia of Japan, twelfth edition, 1991. Formulation of various granules are disclosed.

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmaceutical granules comprising lamotrigine)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d 112 1-16 ibib abs hitstr

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:875073 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:354488

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical composition containing lamotrigine

particles of defined morphology

INVENTOR(S):

Aronhime, Judith; Samburski, Guy

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva

Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Ap

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

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WO 2003090693
                       A2
                             20031106
                                            WO 2003-US13002 20030423
     WO 2003090693
                       А3
                             20040108
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
             CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC,
             NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
             GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 2002-374923P P 20020423
     The present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a
     plurality of lamotrigine particles having a sp. surface area of from about
     two to about three and a half meters per g. Pharmaceutical compns.
    falling within the surface area criteria for the lamotrigine particles
     include those having a particle diameter equal to or less than about 100
     \mu m\text{,} preferably about 50 \mu m\text{,} and most preferably 10 \mu m\text{.} The
     pharmaceutical composition can be formulated into a wide variety of dosage
     forms for treatment of seizures.
     84057-84-1, Lamotrigine
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (pharmaceutical composition containing lamotrigine particles of defined
morphol.
        and excipients)
RN
     84057-84-1 CAPLUS
CN
     1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
           NH<sub>2</sub>
                     Cl
L12 ANSWER 2 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:422192 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:72234
TITLE:
                         Screening for Basic Drugs in 2-mL Urine Samples by
                         Dual-Plate Overpressured Layer Chromatography and
                         Comparison with Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry
AUTHOR(S):
                         Pelander, Anna; Ojanperae, Ilkka; Sistonen, Johanna;
                         Rasanen, Ilpo; Vuori, Erkki
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Department of Forensic Medicine, University of
                         Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Analytical Toxicology (2003), 27(4),
                         226-232
                         CODEN: JATOD3; ISSN: 0146-4760
PUBLISHER:
                         Preston Publications
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
    A dual-plate overpressured layer chromatog. (OPLC) method was evaluated
```

for broad-scale screening of basic drugs in 2-mL autopsy urine samples.

Extraction was carried out by mixed-mode solid-phase extraction, and identification was based on automated comparison of corrected Rf values (hRfc) and in situ UV spectra with library values by dedicated software. The day-to-day precision of hRfc values was good in both OPLC1 and OPLC2 systems with median relative standard deviations of 2.4% and 3.4%, resp. Rf and hRfc values were independent of the amount of analyte $(0.5-10 \mu g)$ applied to the plate. Detection limits were determined for 47 drug substances in 2-mL urine samples, and they varied between 0.05 and 3.5 mg/L with a median of 1.0 mg/L. The performance of OPLC was evaluated by analyzing 30 autopsy urine samples by both OPLC and gas chromatog. - mass spectrometry (GC-MS). The majority of findings by OPLC were in agreement with GC-MS. Some substances with low concns. were not detected by OPLC, whereas GC-MS failed to detect a few polar substances. The OPLC method thus provides an alternative for current planar and column liquid chromatog. drug screening methods with the possibility of lowering detection limits by using a larger sample size. (c) 2003 Preston Publications.

IT**84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(forensic screening for basic drugs in 2-mL urine samples by dual-plate overpressured layer chromatog. and comparison with gas chromatog.-mass spectrometry)

RN84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:291183 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:202670

TITLE:

Microemulsion electrokinetic chromatography applied

for separation of levetiracetam from other

antiepileptic drugs in polypharmacy

AUTHOR(S):

Ivanova, Mariela; Piunti, Alessandra; Marziali, Ettore; Komarova, Natalja; Raggi, Maria Augusta;

Kenndler, Ernst

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute for Analytical Chemistry, University of

Vienna, Vienna, A-1090, Austria

SOURCE:

Electrophoresis (2003), 24(6), 992-998

CODEN: ELCTDN; ISSN: 0173-0835

PUBLISHER:

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Microemulsion electrokinetic chromatog. was applied for the separation of levetiracetam from other antiepileptic drugs (primidone, phenobarbital, phenytoin, lamotrigine, and carbamazepine) that are potentially coadministered in therapy of patients. The influence of the composition of the microemulsion system (with sodium dodecyl sulfate as charged surfactant) was investigated, modifying the kind of cosurfactant (lower alcs. from C3 to C5), the pH (and salinity) of the aqueous background electrolyte, and the

ratio of aqueous phase to organic constituents forming the microdroplets of the oil-in-water emulsion. Separation selectivity was depending on all these parameters, resulting even in changes of the migration sequence of the analytes. Only moderate correlation was observed for the microemulsion system compared with a micellar system, both consisting of the aqueous borate buffer (pH 9.2) and SDS as micelle former (linear correlation coefficient for analyte mobilities is 0.974). The sample solvent plays an important role on the shape of the resulting chromatograms: MeOH at concns. higher than 35% impairs peak shape and separation efficiency. The microemulsion method (with 93.76% aqueous borate buffer (pH 9.2, 10 mM), 0.48% n-octane, 1.80% SDS, 3.96% 1-butanol, all weight/weight) is suitable for the determination of

levetiracetam

in human plasma (combined with a sample pretreatment based on **solid**-phase extraction).

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(microemulsion electrokinetic chromatog. applied for separation of levetiracetam from other antiepileptic drugs in polypharmacy)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:154224 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:193294

TITLE:

Expandable gastric retention device containing

pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Ayres, James W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

The State of Oregon Acting by and Through the State

Board of Higher Education On Behalf of Oregon State

University, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 110 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND						DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE											
									_								
WO	2003	0157	45	A	1	2003	0227		W	0 20	01-U	S461	46	2001	1022		
	W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PH,	PL,
		PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,
		US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM	
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,

DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2001-313078P P 20010816 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

The present application concerns gastric retention devices formed from compns. comprising polymeric materials, such as polysaccharides, and optional addnl. materials including excipients, therapeutics, and diagnostics, that reside in the stomach for a controlled and prolonged period of time. Dry powders of xanthan qum and locust bean qum were mixed intimately were converted to dried films. The dried films were compressed with the help of specially made punches and dies. A series of dies with decreasingly narrow internal diams. were used. A punch pushes the film from one die into the next die, followed by pushing of the film by another punch into the next die. This process takes place in succession until a point is reached where the film is small enough to put into a desired capsule size.

84057-84-1, Lamotrigine ΙT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (expandable gastric retention device containing pharmaceutical compns.) 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:831233 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:362055

TITLE:

RN

Simultaneous analysis of six antiepileptic drugs and two selected metabolites in human plasma by liquid

chromatography after solid-phase extraction

AUTHOR(S):

Bugamelli, F.; Sabbioni, C.; Mandrioli, R.; Kenndler,

E.; Albani, F.; Raggi, M. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of

Bologna, Bologna, 40126, Italy

SOURCE:

Analytica Chimica Acta (2002), 472(1-2), 1-10

CODEN: ACACAM; ISSN: 0003-2670

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

A rapid and simple liquid chromatog. method with photodiode array detection was developed for the simultaneous determination of 6 antiepileptic drugs (oxcarbazepine, carbamazepine, Lamotrigine, phenobarbital, primidone, and phenytoin) and 2 metabolites (10,11-dihydro-10,11-epoxycarbamazepine and 10,11-dihydro-10-hydroxycarbamazepine, the main active metabolites of carbamazepine and oxcarbazepine, resp.) in human plasma. Separation of the analytes was achieved in <11.5 min on a C18 column (150+4.0 mm, i.d. $4.5~\mu\text{m})$ with a mobile phase composed of methanol, acetonitrile, and a pH 3.0, 15 mM phosphate buffer containing 0.63% triethylamine [19.2:16.8:64.0, (volume/volume)], at 1 mL min-1 flow rate. Two procedures were tested for the pretreatment of human plasma samples: protein precipitation with

perchloric acid and solid-phase extraction The protein precipitation procedure did not allow for the anal. of 10,11-dihydro-10,11epoxycarbamazepine. On the contrary, solid-phase extraction with hydrophilic-lipophilic balance cartridges gave good results in terms of extraction efficiency and reproducibility and allowed for the determination of

all

analytes. The HPLC-DAD method developed, coupled to a careful SPE procedure, seems to be suitable for the plasma level determination of simultaneously administered antiepileptic drugs.

84057-84-1, Lamotrigine IT

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(simultaneous anal. of antiepileptic drugs and selected metabolites in human plasma by HPLC with diode array detection after solid -phase extraction)

84057-84-1 CAPLUS RN

1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 19 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 6 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

2002:676002 CAPLUS 137:222039

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

New crystal forms of lamotrigine and processes for

their preparations

INVENTOR(S):

Garti, Nissim; Berkovich, Yana; Dolitzky, Ben-Zion; Aronhime, Judith; Singer, Claude; Lieberman, Anita;

Gershon, Neomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva

Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	ON N	0.	DATE					
WO	WO 2002068398 A1						0906		W	0 20	02-U	S616	0	20020227					
WO	2002	0683	98	C	2	2002	1121	1											
	W: AE, AG, AL,				AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,		
		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,		
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,		
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PH,		
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,		
		UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,		
		ТJ,	TM																
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,		
		CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,		

BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003018030 A1 20030123 US 2002-86157 20020227 EP 1390355 A2 20040225 EP 2002-706471 20020227

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

US 2001-271688P P 20010227

WO 2002-US6160 W 20020227

AB The present invention relates to lamotrigine, a useful agent for anti-epilepsia. New crystal forms of lamotrigine-containing mols. of the solvent in stoichiometric ratios are disclosed. Processes for preparing the new crystal forms of lamotrigine and dosage forms are also provided. For example, 2 g of lamotrigine anhydrous and about 80 mL of ethanol were charged in a three-necked bottomed round flask equipped with a mech. stirrer, a condenser and a thermometer. The suspension was stirred for about 24 h without heating at about 25° and the solid phase was separated by filtration, producing lamotrigine Form H, i.e., lamotrigine ethanol monosolvate.

IT 375347-20-9, Lamotrigine hydrate 454695-00-2

RL: CPS (Chemical process); FMU (Formation, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystal forms of lamotrigine as antiepileptic)

RN 375347-20-9 CAPLUS

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● H₂O

RN 454695-00-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 C12 N5

10/148613

CM 2

CRN 67-64-1 CMF C3 H6 O

0 || H3C-C-CH3

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystal forms of lamotrigine as antiepileptic)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 454695-02-4 454695-03-5 454695-04-6

454695-05-7 454695-06-8 454695-07-9

454695-08-0 454695-09-1 454695-10-4

454695-11-5 454695-12-6 454695-13-7

454695-15-9

RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystal forms of lamotrigine as antiepileptic)

RN 454695-02-4 CAPLUS

CN Formamide, N,N-dimethyl-, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 Cl2 N5

CM 2

CRN 1634-04-4 CMF C5 H12 O

t-Bu-O-Me

REFERENCE COUNT:

2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 7 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:335789 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:27757

TITLE:

Determination of lamotrigine simultaneously with carbamazepine, carbamazepine epoxide, phenytoin, phenobarbital, and primidone in human plasma by

SPME-GC-TSD

AUTHOR(S):

Queiroz, M. E. C.; Silva, S. M.; Carvalho, D.; Lancas,

F. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Pharmaceutical Science, University of

Ribeirao Preto, Ribeirao Preto, Brazil

SOURCE:

Journal of Chromatographic Science (2002), 40(4),

219-223

CODEN: JCHSBZ; ISSN: 0021-9665

PUBLISHER:

Preston Publications

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB A simple and rapid anal. method is presented for the determination of lamotrigine

simultaneously with primidone, carbamazepine, carbamazepine epoxide, phenobarbital, and phenytoin in human plasma using <code>solid-phase</code> microextn. (SPME) and gas chromatog. with thermionic specific detection. The best conditions for the SPME procedure is established as following: direct extraction on a 65- μm Carbowax-divinylbenzene fiber; 1.0 mL of a sample plasma matrix modified with 15% NaCl and 3 mL of a K phosphate buffer (pH 7.0); extraction temperature at 30°; and stirring at a rate of 2500 rpm for 15 min. The method shows good linearity between 0.05 and 40.0 $\mu g/mL$ with regression coeffs. ranging between 0.9965 and 0.9995 and a coefficient of variation of the points of the calibration curve <10%. The lowest limit of quantitation for the plasma-studied drugs varies from 0.05 to 0.20 $\mu g/mL$, according to the drug. The proposed method is sensitive enough to work into subtherapeutic and therapeutic concns., being that it is applied in pharmacokinetic studies and patient routine therapeutic drug monitoring. (c) 2002 Preston Publications.

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

 $({\tt determination}\ of\ {\tt lamotrigine}\ simultaneously\ with\ {\tt carbamazepine}, \\ {\tt carbamazepine}$

epoxide, phenytoin, phenobarbital, and primidone in human plasma by SPME-GC-TSD)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2N & N & NH_2 \\ \hline N & N & C1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

18

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:115608 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:226248

TITLE:

Solid-phase microextraction-liquid

chromatography (SPME-LC) determination of lamotrigine simultaneously with carbamazepine and carbamazepine

10,11-epoxide in human plasma

AUTHOR(S):

Queiroz, M. E. C.; Silva, S. M.; Carvalho, D.; Lancas,

Fernando M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Pharmaceutical Science, University of Ribeirao Preto, Ribeirao Preto, 14096-380, Brazil Journal of Separation Science (2002), 25(1/2), 91-95

CODEN: JSSCCJ; ISSN: 1615-9306

PUBLISHER:

SOURCE:

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

A simple and specific anal. method is presented for the determination of lamotrigine (LTG) simultaneously with carbamazepine (CBZ) and carbamazepine 10,11-epoxide (CBZ-E) in human plasma by off-line solid-phase microextn.-liquid chromatog. The best anal. conditions for the SPME procedure were established by direct extraction on a 50 μm Carbowax/TPR-100-coated fiber, employing 1.0 mL of sample plasma matrix modified with 30% NaCl and with 3 mL K phosphate buffer (pH 9.0); extraction at 22°; stirring at a rate of 2500 rpm for 20 min; and then desorption of the drugs by exposure of the fiber to 50 μL of the mobile phase for 10 min. The method showed good linearity (0.05 to 10.0 μg mL-1 for LTG, 0.2 to 20.0 μ g mL-1 for CBZ, and 1.0 to 20.0 μ g mL-1 for CBZ-E), with regression coeffs. ranging from 0.9947 to 0.9978 and coeffs. of variation of the points of the calibration curve <10%. The limit of quantification (LOQ) for the studied drugs in plasma varied from 0.05 to $1.0 \mu g mL-1.$

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(solid-phase microextn.-liquid chromatog. (SPME-LC) determination of lamotrigine simultaneously with carbamazepine and carbamazepine 10,11-epoxide in human plasma)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

2.3 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 9 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:396644 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:24671

TITLE:

Solid carriers for improved delivery of

active ingredients in pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Patel, Manesh V.; Chen, Feng-jing

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Lipocine, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.		KIND DAT		DATE			A		CATI		ο.	DATE			
WO	2001	0378	08	A	1	2001	0531		W				55	2000	 1122		
	w:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	EŞ,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
		HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
		LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
		SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,
		ZA,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM					
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
US	6248	363		В	1	2001	0619		U:	1123							
EP	1233	756		A	1	2002	0828		E.	1122							
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR						
JP	2003	5174	70	T	2	2003	0527		JP 2001-539423 20001122								
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :				Į	JS 19	999-	4476	90	Α	1999	1123		
								I	WO 2	7-00C	JS32:	255	W	2000	1122		

AΒ The present invention provides solid pharmaceutical compns. for improved delivery of a wide variety of pharmaceutical active ingredients contained therein or sep. administered. In one embodiment, the solid pharmaceutical composition includes a solid carrier, the solid carrier including a substrate and an encapsulation coat on the substrate. The encapsulation coat can include different combinations of pharmaceutical active ingredients, hydrophilic surfactant, lipophilic surfactants and triglycerides. In another embodiment, the solid pharmaceutical composition includes a solid carrier, the solid carrier being formed of different combinations of pharmaceutical active ingredients, hydrophilic surfactants, lipophilic surfactants and triglycerides. The compns. of the present invention can be used for improved delivery of hydrophilic or hydrophobic pharmaceutical active ingredients, such as drugs, nutritionals, cosmeceuticals and diagnostic agents. A composition contained glyburide 1, PEG 40 stearate 33, glycerol monolaurate 17, and nonpareil seed 80 g.

ΙT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (solid carriers for improved delivery of active ingredients in pharmaceutical compns.)

84057-84-1 CAPLUS RN

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:516222 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:153391

TITLE:

A rapid and sensitive HPLC assay for the determination

of lamotrigine in serum

AUTHOR(S):

Oertel, Reinhard; Richter, K.; Ebert, U.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institut Klinische Pharmakologie, Medizinische

Fakultat, TU Dresden, Dresden, D-01307, Germany

SOURCE:

Pharmazie (1999), 54(8), 628-629

CODEN: PHARAT; ISSN: 0031-7144

PUBLISHER:

Govi-Verlag Pharmazeutischer Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

German

NOTE TO YOU! rifampicin(e) . A rapid, sensitive, and automatic method for AB determination of lamotrigine in serum was developed. Sample preparation was carried

out by solid-phase extraction during 12 min per sample. Superspher RP18 end-capped was used for HPLC. Linearity was found between 0.05 and 2 μg/mL. Recoveries of 97.3 and 103.4% were observed at 0.05 and 0.2 μq/mL, resp. Interferences with cimetidine and rifampicin were not observed

ΙT 84057-84-1, Lamotrigine

> RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(HPLC assay for determination of lamotrigine in serum)

RN84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 11 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:311364 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:335011

TITLE:

A method for separating non-proteinaceous substances

from proteinaceous substances for subsequent

processing

INVENTOR(S):

Akerman, Satu; Paronen, Petteri; Akerman, Kari;

Jarvinen, Kristiina; Kontturi, Kyosti; Nasman, Jan;

Svarfvar, Bror; Urtti, Arto; Viinikka, Pasi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Finland

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	rent :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	N NC	ο.	DATE						
	WO	WO 9923487				1	1999	0514		W	o 19	98-F	1852		1998	1103					
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,			
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,			
															MG,						
			MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,			
			TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM		
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,			
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,			
				GΑ,																	
	ΑÚ	9910	342		A1 19990524					AU 1999-10342						19981103					
PRI	ORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:				FI 1:	997-	4124			19971104							
									1	WO 1	998-	FI85	2		1998	1103					

AΒ The present invention is directed to a simple but efficient method for separating non-proteinaceous substances, such as drugs and nucleic acids from proteinaceous substances for subsequent monitoring and evaluation. The non-proteinaceous substances are captured by an environmentally sensitive solid carrier under physiol. conditions and released under non-physiol. conditions with a solvent, which is compatible with or used in subsequent steps. The solid carriers are provided in the form of membranes, sheets, sticks, plates, test tubes, microplates or as beads or granules attached to a further solid support. The surface of said carriers are covered with capturing residues, which are sensitive to changes in the environmental conditions, e.g. pH or ionic strength. Said residues are responsible for binding and release of drugs or nucleic acids and allows their easy and rapid separation from proteins. Test kits including said solid carriers as well as their applications are also disclosed. Vinylpyridine-grafted poly(vinylidene fluoride) membranes (preparation given) were used to sep. DNA from digest solution

Bound DNA was released with methanol for spectrophotometric anal.

84057-84-1, Lamotrigine IT

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (binding of, to grafted polymer membrane; separation of non-proteinaceous substances from proteinaceous substances for subsequent processing)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

/148613

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

1998:196045 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:74

TITLE:

Determination of drugs in biological fluids by high-performance liquid chromatography with online

sample processing

AUTHOR(S):

Oertel, R.; Richter, K.; Gramatte, T.; Kirch, W. Medical Faculty Carl Gustav Carus, Institute of

Clinical Pharmacology, Technical University Dresden,

Dresden, D-01307, Germany

SOURCE:

Journal of Chromatography, A (1998), 797(1 + 2),

203-209

CODEN: JCRAEY; ISSN: 0021-9673 Elsevier Science B.V.

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English

An automated two column HPLC system with the new packing material LiChrospher RP-18 ADS (alkyl-diol-silica) was tested for the determination of several drugs and metabolites (talinolol, celiprolol, metoprolol, oxprenolol, triamterene, trimethoprim, tiracizine, articaine, detajmium, ajmaline, lamotrigine) in various biol. fluids (serum, urine, intestinal aspirates, supernatants of cell cultures and supernatants after protein denaturation). The method allows the direct injection of biol. fluids into a reversed-phase HPLC system and online clean-up and sample enrichment by a column-switching technique. Precision, accuracy and sensitivity were similar to conventional assays as described in the literature. With this new method it was possible to measure drug concns. in various biol. fluids without changing the sample preparation procedure. In some cases an addnl. sample preparation like protein denaturation or solid-phase extraction was advantageous to enhance the sensitivity of the method and the life-time of the ADS column.

84057-84-1, Lamotrigine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(determination of drugs in biol. fluids by high-performance liquid chromatog.

with online sample processing)

84057-84-1 CAPLUS RN

1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 13 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:627817 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:287584

TITLE:

Optimized high-performance liquid chromatographic method for determination of lamotrigine in serum with concomitant determination of phenytoin, carbamazepine, T0/148613

and carbamazepine epoxide

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lensmeyer, Gary L.; Gidal, Barry E.; Wiebe, Donald A.

Clinical Toxicology Laboratory, Departments of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine and School of Pharmacy, University of Wisconsin Hospital and

Clinics, Madison, WI, 53792, USA

SOURCE:

Therapeutic Drug Monitoring (1997), 19(3), 292-300

CODEN: TDMODV; ISSN: 0163-4356

PUBLISHER:

Lippincott-Raven

DOCUMENT TYPE:

between-run

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Lamotrigine (LG), phenytoin (PY), carbamazepine (CM), and carbamazepine AΒ epoxide (CE) are measured with an optimized procedure that uses thin sorbent extraction disks and a highly selective, sterically protected bonded silica high-performance liquid chromatog. (HPLC) column. Routinely, serum (200 μ l at pH 6.8 with cyheptamide as internal standard) is applied to an Empore octyl (C8) solid-phase extraction disk to isolate the drugs. A water wash removes interferences, and the retained drugs are eluted with a small volume of solvent. The eluate is directly injected into a Zorbax Stable Bond cyanopropyl HPLC column with quantification at 214 nm. Evaporation-concentration steps are unnecessary. Overall, for all drugs,

precision coeffs. of variation (each) ranged from 2.1% to 4.9% at concns. from 0.75 to 20.5 mg/l; extraction recoveries fell within a range of 96% to 110% at concns. of 2, 10, and 30 mg/l tested for each drug; the lowest limit of detection was 0.15 to 0.35 mg/l. The anal. response was linear for each drug >80 mg/l (LG) and >50 mg/l (PY, CM, and CE). Optimization graphs are presented to illustrate the rationale for selection of test parameters for a robust method. In addition, a comparison study between two com. labs. demonstrates accuracy problems associated with LG testing.

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(determination of lamotrigine in serum with concomitant determination of phenytoin,

carbamazepine, and carbamazepine epoxide by HPLC)

RN84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 14 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1996:671783 CAPLUS

125:316089

TITLE:

Therapeutic drug monitoring by HPLC gradient separation (MTSS) after fractionated solid

-phase extraction on a mixed phase

AUTHOR(S):

Interschick, Elmar; Rehorek, Astrid; Patscheke,

Heinrich; Becker, Wolfgang

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Staedt. Klinikum Karlsruhe Klinische Chemie,

Karlsruhe, D-76133, Germany

SOURCE:

LaborMedizin (1996), 19(4), 150-153

CODEN: LAMEET; ISSN: 0170-205X

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: GIT Verlag Journal German

LANGUAGE: An anal. procedure is described for the monitoring of seldom-used drugs in serum; it is generally suitable for serum concns. of 20-5000 ng/mL. substances are separated from acidic and neutral drugs by fractionated solid-phase extraction on a mixed phase (C8 phase and cation exchanger) during sample preparation Due to the high capacity of the tentacle ion exchanger, the usual pH conversion of the solid phase prior to extraction becomes unnecessary. In general, the recovery rates are around 100% and the variation coeffs. are <5%. The chromatog, anal. is carried out by HPLC using a C18 phase low in OH groups which is generally suitable for basic, acidic and neutral components. By means of gradient separation it is possible to detect drugs of different polarities in the same run.

84057-84-1, Lamotrigine IT

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(therapeutic drug monitoring by HPLC gradient separation after fractionated solid-phase extraction on a mixed phase)

84057-84-1 CAPLUS

1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$H_2N$$
 N
 N
 N
 $C1$

L12 ANSWER 15 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:778475 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:187597

TITLE:

Simple and rapid analysis of lamotrigine, a novel antiepileptic, in human serum by high-performance

liquid chromatography using a **solid**-phase

extraction technique

AUTHOR(S):

Yamashita, Syoichi; Furuno, Katsushi; Kawasaki,

Hiromu; Gomita, Yutaka; Yoshinaga, Harumi; Yamatogi,

Yasuko; Ohtahara, Shunsuke

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Hospital Pharmacy, Okayama University Medical School, 2-5-1 Shikata-cho, Okayama, 700, Japan Journal of Chromatography, B: Biomedical Applications

SOURCE:

(1995), 670(2), 354-7

CODEN: JCBBEP; ISSN: 0378-4347

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier

Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

A simple and rapid method for the quantitation of concns. of lamotrigine, a novel antiepileptic, in human serum was developed with high-performance liquid chromatog., using a solid-phase extraction technique. The mobile phase was composed of acetonitrile-10 mM phosphate buffer (pH 3.5) containing 5 mM sodium octanesulfonate (27:73, volume/volume), and components

were

detected at 265 nm. Retention times of acetanilide as an internal standard and lamotrigine were 3.4 and 10.3 min, resp. The coeffs. of variation were 3.1-4.5% and 4.4-9.8% for the within-day and between-day precision

ests., resp. The extraction recovery of lamotrigine added to blank serum was 86-107%. The quantitation limit of lamotrigine was .apprx.0.2 µg/mL in 100 µl of serum. These results suggest that the method employed in this study is useful for the routine monitoring of serum concns. of lamotrigine in epileptic patients.

84057-84-1, Lamotrigine IT

> RL: ANT (Analyte); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(simple and rapid anal. of lamotrigine, a novel antiepileptic, in human serum by high-performance liquid chromatog. using a solid-phase extraction technique)

84057-84-1 CAPLUS RN

1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 16 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

1995:774091 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:179633

TITLE:

CN

Solid-phase extraction study and RP-HPLC

analysis of lamotrigine in human biological fluids and

in antiepileptic tablet formulations

AUTHOR(S):

Papadoyannis, I. N.; Zotou, A. C.; Samanidou, V. F. Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Aristotle Univ.,

Thessaloniki, GR-54006, Greece

SOURCE:

Journal of Liquid Chromatography (1995), 18(13),

2593-609

CODEN: JLCHD8; ISSN: 0148-3919

PUBLISHER:

Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Dekker LANGUAGE: English

AΒ An efficient off-line solid-phase extraction (SPE) of lamotrigine (LTG), a new antiepileptic drug, from human serum and urine, prior to HPLC anal., was tested and optimized. High extraction recoveries were achieved from C8 bond Elut cartridges (200mg/3ml), using acidic acetonitrile for the elution of LTG and the internal standard, 3,5-diamino-6-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,4-triazine. Isocratic reversed-phase HPLC (RP-HPLC) anal. on octyl silica, using a Lichrosorb RP-8, 5 μm , 250 + 4.6 mm column and a mobile phase consisting of pH 5.6 0.05M acetate buffer-MeCN (72:28) was sensitive and rapid. The identification of LTG was performed by UV detection at 306nm. The method detected approx. 0.9 ng LTG on-column, using a $20-\mu L$ loop, and linearity holds from approx. 0.044 to 7.8 $\mu g/mL$ in standard solns. In plasma and urine, the limits of detection are 1.1 and 1.2 ng, resp., while linearity holds from approx. 0.087 to 3.49 $\mu g/mL$. The proposed method was also used for the direct anal. of antiepileptic tablets.

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(solid-phase extraction HPLC determination of lamotrigine in human biol. fluids and tablets)

84057-84-1 CAPLUS RN

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d l13 1-4 ibib abs hitstr

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:676002 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:222039

TITLE:

New crystal forms of lamotrigine and processes for

their preparations

INVENTOR(S):

Garti, Nissim; Berkovich, Yana; Dolitzky, Ben-Zion;

Aronhime, Judith; Singer, Claude; Lieberman, Anita;

Gershon, Neomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva

Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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The present invention relates to lamotrigine, a useful agent for AΒ anti-epilepsia. New crystal forms of lamotrigine-containing mols. of the solvent in stoichiometric ratios are disclosed. Processes for preparing the new crystal forms of lamotrigine and dosage forms are also provided. For example, 2 g of lamotrigine anhydrous and about 80 mL of ethanol were charged in a three-necked bottomed round flask equipped with a mech. stirrer, a

RN

condenser and a thermometer. The suspension was stirred for about 24 h without heating at about 25° and the solid phase was separated by filtration, producing lamotrigine Form H, i.e., lamotrigine ethanol monosolvate.

IT 375347-20-9, Lamotrigine hydrate 454695-00-2
RL: CPS (Chemical process); FMU (Formation, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use);
BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process);
USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystal forms of lamotrigine as antiepileptic) 375347-20-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● H2O

RN 454695-00-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 C12 N5

CM 2

CRN 67-64-1 CMF C3 H6 O

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystal forms of lamotrigine as antiepileptic)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 454695-02-4 454695-03-5 454695-04-6

454695-05-7 454695-06-8 454695-07-9

454695-08-0 454695-09-1 454695-10-4

454695-11-5 454695-12-6 454695-13-7

454695-15-9

RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystal forms of lamotrigine as antiepileptic)

RN 454695-02-4 CAPLUS

Formamide, N,N-dimethyl-, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 Cl2 N5

CM 2

CRN 68+12-2 CMF C3 H7 N O

RN 454695-03-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanol, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 C12 N5

CM 2

CRN 67-63-0 CMF C3 H8 O

RN 454695-04-6 CAPLUS

CN Formamide, N,N-dimethyl-, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (3:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 Cl2 N5

CM 2

CRN 68-12-2 CMF C3 H7 N O

RN 454695-05-7 CAPLUS

CN Formamide, N,N-dimethyl-, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (2:3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 Cl2 N5

CM 2

CRN 68-12-2 CMF C3 H7 N O

RN 454695-06-8 CAPLUS

CN Methanol, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine (2:3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 C12 N5

CM 2

CRN 67-56-1 CMF C H4 O

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RN 454695-07-9 CAPLUS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L13 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:472472 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:81972 TITLE: Formulations of adenosine Al agonists INVENTOR(S): Bountra, Charanjit; Clayton, Nicholas Maughan; Naylor, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxo Group Limited, UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----WO 2001045684 **A**2 20010628 WO 2000-GB4888 20001219 WO 2001045684 Α3 20020314 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 1239880 A2 20020918 EP 2000-985631 20001219 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR JP 2003518042 T2 20030603 JP 2001-546423 20001219 US 2003008842 US 2002-168196 Α1 20030109 20020618 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1999-30079 A 19991220 WO 2000-GB4888 W 20001219 A method of treating conditions associated with pain and alleviating the Al agonist or a salt or solvate and a sodium channel blocker.

AB A method of treating conditions associated with pain and alleviating the symptoms associated with it comprises administering to a mammal an adenosine A1 agonist or a salt or **solvate** and a sodium channel blocker. The present invention also provides pharmaceutical formulations and patient packs comprising the combinations. Thus, (2S,3S,4R,5R)-2-(5-tert-butyl-[1,3,4]oxadiazol-2-yl)-5-[6-(4-chloro-2-fluorophenylamino)purin-9-yl]tetrahydrofuran-3,4-diol was prepared in a series of steps by the reaction of (3aS,4S,6R,6aR)-6-(6-chloropurin-9-yl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydrofuro[3,4-d][1,3]dioxole-4-carboxylic acid with 2,2-dimethylpropionic acid hydrazide followed by the cyclization of the resulting compound, and subsequent treatment with 4-chloro-2-fluoroaniline and deprotection.

IT **84057-84-1**, Lamotrigine

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (formulations of adenosine Al agonists)

RN 84057-84-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazine-3,5-diamine, 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L13 ANSWER 3 OF 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:12098 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:130210

TITLE:

Structure of 3,5-diamino-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-

triazine isethionate solvate (lamotrigine

isethionate)

AUTHOR(S):

Potter, Brian; Palmer, Rex A.; Withnall, Robert;

Leach, Michael J.; Chowdhry, Babur Z.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Crystallography, Birkbeck College,

University of London, London, WC1E 7HX, UK

SOURCE:

Journal of Chemical Crystallography (1999), 29(6),

701-706

CODEN: JCCYEV; ISSN: 1074-1542 Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

PUBLISHER:

LANGUAGE: English

The crystal and mol. structure of lamotrigine isethionate was determined by direct methods. The compound crystallizes in the tetragonal space group I41/a, with a 19.684(5), c 16.557(5) Å; Z = 16, dc = 1.579; R = 160.0532, Rw = 0.1317 for 2041 reflections. Atomic coordinates are given. isethionate moiety forms multiple H bonds to the lamotrigine nucleus, three from one isethionate, two from a symmetry related isethionate and a further two from two different symmetry related mols. Protonation of N(2') in the triazine ring, not observed in the native lamotrigine structure is presumably associated with the interaction of the isethionate moiety. Both rings in the lamotrigine moiety are essentially planar, with a dihedral angle of 66.08(7)° compared to 80.70° in native lamotrigine. The connecting bond length C(1)-C(6') 1.493(3) Å also correlates well with values in related compds. (1.480(3) $\mbox{\normalfont\AA}$) in the native structures.

ΙT 113170-86-8, Lamotrigine isethionate

RL: PRP (Properties)

(crystal structure of)

RN 113170-86-8 CAPLUS

CN Ethanesulfonic acid, 2-hydroxy-, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4triazine-3,5-diamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 84057-84-1 CMF C9 H7 C12 N5

CM 2

CRN 107-36-8 CMF C2 H6 O4 S

 $HO-CH_2-CH_2-SO_3H$

REFERENCE COUNT:

17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L13 ANSWER 4 OF 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:126056 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

110:126056

TITLE:

Structure of lamotrigine methanol solvate:

3,5-diamino-6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-

methanol, a novel anticonvulsant drug

AUTHOR(S):

Janes, Robert W.; Lisgarten, John N.; Palmer, Rex A. Birkbeck Coll., Univ. London, London, WC1E 7HX, UK

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Acta Crystallographica, Section C: Crystal Structure

Communications (1989), C45(1), 129-32

CODEN: ACSCEE; ISSN: 0108-2701

Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

AB The title compound is monoclinic, space group P21/n, with a 15.456(3), b

11.736(2), c 7.300(3) Å, and β 94.417(3)°; Z = 4 for dc =

1.449. The final R = 0.055 for 2444 reflections. Atomic coordinates are given. The Ph and triazine aromatic rings make a dihedral angle of

80.6(9)° with each other. The bond linking the 2 rings is 1.480(3) Å. The structure is stabilized by a network of H bonds involving

amino and ring N atoms, one of the Cl atoms, and the MeOH of crystallization

IT119441-74-6

RL: PRP (Properties)

(crystal structure of)

119441-74-6 CAPLUS RN

Methanol, compd. with 6-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1,2,4-triazine-3,5-diamine CN

(1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 84057-84-1

CMF C9 H7 C12 N5

CM 2

CRN 67-56-1

CMF C H4 O